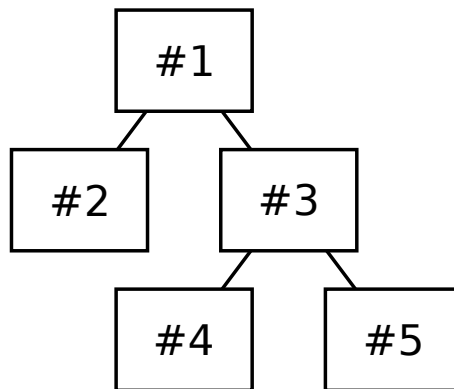


1 OPERATING SYSTEMS LABORATORY XIII - Laboratory Review

1.1 Processes

1. **Exercise:** A sample program which creates 4 child processes:



1.2 Memory

- **Exercise:** Study the following code:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void foo();
int *var;

int main()
{
    // Memory allocation for var
    var=(int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*4);

    // Set and display data
    var[0] = 4;
    printf("%d ", var[0]);

    // Free memory space of the pointers
    free(var);
    printf("%d ", var[0]);

    // Call a function for alloca()
    foo();
    //free(var);

    return 0;
}

void foo()
{
    var=(int*)alloca(sizeof(int)*4);
    var[0] = 4;
}
```

- Uncomment the free line after calling the foo() function and execute the code again. What happens?

1.3 File Operations

1. Exercise: Changing file access attributes:

- Create a file:

```
ceng328@cankaya$ touch foo
```

- Compile and execute the following code:

```
#include <sys/stat.h>
int main()
{
    // Create a stat structure for file information
    struct stat buf;

    // Take away all available rights from file
    chmod("foo", 0);

    // Give read rights for everyone and and execute right
    // for the owner
    chmod("foo", S_IRUSR | S_IRGRP | S_IROTH | S_IXUSR);

    // Take away read right from other users
    stat("foo", &buf);
    chmod("foo", buf.st_mode ^ S_IROTH);

    // Print current file access rights
    stat("foo", &buf);
    printf("foo - %4.4o\n", buf.st_mode & 07777);

    return 0;
}
```

- Give this file the following access rights:

```
- rwxr-xr-x
- r-----
- r-xr-x---
```